VOL. I.

Tri-Weekly Standard.

W. W. HOLDEN. J. W. HOLDEN. W. W. HOLDEN & SON. EDITORS OF THE STANDARD,

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION. TERMS-CASH IN ADVANCE. Tri-Weekly paper, 1 year...... \$6 00 " 6 months... 3 50 " " 2 00

To those who get up clubs of five or more sub-scribers one copy, gratis, will be furnished. Subscribers who were cut off from us during the pired, will be furnished the paper free on the estoration of communication, until the time be filled. If they desire the paper longer after that time, they must renew. A cross × mark on the paper indicates the ex-

piration of the subscription. RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Ten lines or one inch space to constitute One square, one insertion, Each subsequent insertion, Liberal deduction made, by special contract, to large advertisers.

Court advertisements will be charged 25 per cent. higher than the regular rates. SPECIAL NOTICES charged 50 per cent. higher than ordinary advertisements.

For advertisements inserted irregularly, 25 per cent higher than usual rates will be charged. No paper in the South has advertising facilities superior to the Standard,

Letters must be addressed to W. W. HOLDEN & SON,

GET YOUR

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED

ONLY AT THE

STANDARD

OFFICE.

BILL HEADS, CARDS, LABELS,

IN PACT EVERY KIND OF

JOB PRINTING IS EXECUTED

Superior Style

AT THE

STANDARD OFFICE.

COLORED INKS,

GOLD AND SILVER BRONZES,

A Select Stock of the Best Material for Printing Purposes found ONLY

At the STANDARD OFFICE.

The Best Printing, AND THE

CHEAPEST PRINTING

ALL KINDS.

EXECUTED ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE,

STANDARD OFFICE.

CALL AND SEE SAMPLES OF WORK,

LEARN OUR PRICES.

E. STENHOUSE. STENHOUSE & MACAULAY.

Wholesale and Retail Grocers and Commission Merchants, at our Old Stand, Trade Street, Char-

Purchase and sell Cotton and all other Produce Business entrusted to us shall command our

Prompt personal attention.
REFERENCES. — Jordan Womble, Sr., Esq.

Raleigh.

Dunlop, Moncure & Co., Richmond, Va.

Kent, Paine & Co.,

Martin & Tannahill, Petersburg, Va. ang 14-1y7

TORDAN WOMBLE,

Miscellaneous Selections.

SHODDY LITERATURE.—The Prison of Jeff. Davis, by Doctor Craven, is illy disguised by the pretence that it is a diary of casual conversations. It is a defence of the treason of Davis, an in-And authorized publishers of the Laws of the United | dietment against our government for inhumanity towards the prisoner, and a manifesto to what Davis calls " my people," stimulating them to keep rebellion at heart, let what may be their outward show.

That Davis dictated the main portion of the book, word for word, line for line, and page for page, the most careless reader must see. The book convicts Craven of taking advantage of his official medical position to spread before the public, what, had it been read by the commanding officer of the fort, nevwar, and whose time of subscription had not ex- er would have been permitted to have passed the sally port. The world will readily believe that Doctor Craven magnified the ailment of Davis, for the purpose of more readily carrying out the plan between the arch traitor and his confidential medical attendant .-Money was at the bottom of the matter with Craven, for he saw large sales of such a book. It will be devoured by

> the copperheads at the North. It seems Craven's work was cut short in November by his being relieved, the government, we presume, having detected the kind of medical attention the surgeon was giving the patient. It is a remarkable fact that the health of Davis sensibly began to mend about the time Craven was relieved. The truth was Craven was doctoring Davis's treason; he was spending hours daily with him, and under pretence of ministering to a mind diseased, he was "making a good thing" in a literary way .-Of all the schemes concocted by war speculators, this instance of literary shoddyism caps the climax.—Cleave-land Herald.

the traitors at the South, and lauded by

THE COTTON PROSPECT.- The Augusta Constitutionalist publishes a letter treating of the prospect of the growing cotton crop, from which we make an extract. The writer says :

"I returned a few days since from a short visit to my plantation, during which I carefully studied the crops of this section. The main facts of the 'situation' I would state thus: Labor, 60 per cent. of old supply; land in cotton, about 75 per cent. of acres before the war; cotton full two weeks behind time, or late, from ordinary seasons; the 'stand' injured by defective seed used in planting; but mostly and chiefly, the grass seems at present the greatest enemy to be contended with. In many fields it is so strongly matted in the rows that the grass cannot be destroyed without destroying at the same time half the cotton. I think the greatest injury to the growing crop will be found to be from the grass; and, on the present prospect, half of the former average crop would be a liberal estimate for this section, and we are probaly much the most favored region east of Texas. But while, just now, I could not put the crop of this section at over halfold receipts, and while now 1,500,000 bales would seem a liberal estimate for the whole crop, yet cotton has great powers of recuperation, and spring estimates of crops are not worth much. Thus backwardness of the season may be compensated by a fall correspondingly late, and very favorable growing seasons may cause the cotton so to spread that it will fruit all the better in consequence of the room and air afforded by a defective stand.— Dry weather now would enable most

planters to get a start on the grass.
"Whilst, therefore, I admit the prospect now to be worse than I have ever known it, and the chances to be decidedly against a half crop for the country, yet I wish to say as decidedly that a fair crop for the land planted is by no means impossible."

Here is a good thing that I will tell

as 'twas told to me! An old fellow in a neighboring town who is orignal in all thing, especially in excessive egotism and profanity, and who took part in the late great rebellion, was one day blowing in the village tavern to a crowd of admiring listeners, and boasting of his many bloody exploits, when he was interrupted by the

"I say, old Joe, how many rebs did you kill during the war ?"

"How many did I kill, sir ? how many rebs did I kill? Well, I don't know just 'zactly how many; but I know this much—I killed as many o' them as they did 'o me !"

HONORARY CHURCH MEMBERS.-Twothirds of the members of my church,' says a pastor, "are honorary members.
They don't come to prayer-meeting;
they don't attend Sunday-school; they don't add to the life of the church ; they are the passengers on the gospel ship; they bear no burdens ; add no strength ; their names are on the books; they are honorary members."

Two captains agreed to share their prizes, and met weekly to give an account of their seven day's work and signalize their luck. On one ceassion, Captain A. signalized Captain B., "I have taken something." Quick went up the bunting. "What have you ta-ken?" and all hands stood on tiptoe of expectation. "Pyisic," was the pithy reply of Captain A.

SECOND LOVE.—"Do you believe in second love, Mr. Goahead?" Humph! Grocer and Commission Merchant, for all kinds of Produce and other Goods.

Special attention given to the sale of Flour,
Bacon and Lard.

Consignments solicited, at Old Stand 4th door
North side Hargett street, Raleigh, N. C.

aug 11—118

Miscellaneous Advertisement . THE NATIONAL EXPRESS

TRANSPORTATION COMPANY

IS NOW PREPARED TO CARRY

MONEY AND VALUABLE PACKAGES to and from New York, St. Louis, and intermediate points, and as far South as Atlanta, Georgia.

In order to afford the most ample security to

shippers, it has effected An Insurance of \$500,000 on the money chests of the Company by each train, with several leading Insurance Companies,

SUN, SECURITY, MANHATTAN, METRO POLITAN AND PHENIX, whose aggregate Capital and Assets amount to \$15,000,000.

Shippers are thus insured against common carrier's risk, and a security is afforded never before offered by any Express Company. For this, NO ADDITIONAL CHALGE IS MADE. THE NATIONAL EXPRESS AND TRANSPOR-

TATION COMPANY is now prepared to do business as CHEAPLY, EFFICIENTLY AND SECURELY as can be done by any other Company.

J. E. JOHNSON, President

A. F. FICKLIN, General Superintendent,
May 21, 1866.

RUPTURE



These instruments are entirely new, both in Principle and Action, from all others—Light Clean and Easy—no pressure on the back—Inward and Upward Motion—Cures the most obstinate cases of Rupture. Pamphlets free. Sold at wholesale and retail.
White's Patent Lever Truss Company,

Sole Proprietors, No. 609 Broadway, New York.

Cleanse the Blood.



WITH CORRUPT over. It may burst out in Pimples, or Sores, or But you cannot have is impure. AYER'S SAR-

is impure. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA purges out these impurities and stimulates the organs of life into vigorous action, restoring the health and expelling disease. Hence
it rapidly cures a variety of complaints which are
caused by impurity of the blood, such as Scrofula,
or Kings' Evil, Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions,
Pimples, Blotches, Boils, St. Anthony's Fire,
Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Scald
Head, Ring Worm, Cancer, or Cancerous Tumors,
Sore Eyes, Female Diseases, such as Retention,
Irregularity, Suppression, Whites, Sterility, also
Syphilis or Venerial Diseases, Liver Complaints,
and Heart Diseases. Try AYER'S SARSAPARILLA,
and see for yourself the surprising activity with
which it cleanses the blood and cures these
disorders.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter disappointment has followed the use of the vari-ous extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound "Sarsaparilla," and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. We think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. We can only assure the sick, that we offer them the best alterative which we know how to produce, and we have reason to believe it is by far the most effectual purifier of the blood yet discovered by any body.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is so universally

known to surpass every other remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the disease, that it is useless here to recount the evidence of its virtues. The world knows them knows them.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell,
Mass., and sold by Williams & Haywood, and P.
F. Pescud, Raleigh, N. C., and by dealers every
where.

IN SEASON

At 44 Fayetteville Street. DATENT ICE CREAM FREEZERS,

Water Coolers, Oval and Round Wire Dish Covers, Weeding Hoes and Trace Chains,

J. BROWN, with HART & LEWIS. Raleigh, June 9-tf

A New Paper!

I PROPOSE TO COMMENCE, AT AN EARLY day, the publication of a Daily Paper, in the City of Raleigh, to be called the

"CITY INDEX." It will be published on the plan of a Penny-paper, but not quite so cheap, for the present. It will be delivered daily by Carriers, and must be paid

for weekly.

The INDEX will be published as a news-paper and will have nothing to do with parties, politics or politicians. It will give the latest news, general and commercial; local and state items; poetry, anecdotes, marriages and deaths.

The terms of subscription and advertising will be put at the lowest notch, and will be published in the first issue of the paper.

May 1, 1866.

JAMES H. MOORE.

NORTH - CAROLINA, Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, April Term, A. D. 1866.

G. W. Stanton, Adm'r of John H. Minshew, deceased, Jesse Minshew and others, heirs and distributees of J. H. Petition for set-

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Joel Minshew, John Minshew, Elizabeth Minshew and Mary Minshew, four of the defen-Minshew and Mary Minshew, four of the defendants in this cause, reside beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore, on motion, ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks successively in the Raleigh Standard, notifying the said Joel Minshew, John Minshew, Elizabeth Minshew and Mary Minshew of the filing of this petition, and that unless they appear at the next term of this Court and answer the petition, the same will be taken proconfesso and heard ex parte a to them.

a to them.

Witness, B. F. Briggs, Clerk of said Court, at office in Wilson, the fourth Monday in April, A. D. 1866.

B. F. BRIGGS, C. C. C. 37—6w

CLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

The N. C. Banking Law.

AN ACT TO ENABLE THE BANKS OF THE STATE TO CLOSE THEIR BUSINESS.

STATE TO CLOSE THEIR BUSINESS.

WHEREAS, The financial policy of the Federal Government adopted to maintain the national credit, with the heavy taxes imposed by that Government on the Banks of the State, makes it absolutely necessary that said Banks should close their business, and renders a further continu unce of their corporate existence idle and useless to the people of the State,

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North-Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authrity of the same, That if the Stockholders of any of the Banks chartered by the General Assembly of this State shall be unwilling to close the business of their Banks by an assignment, and are desirous to appropriate all the estate and effects of such Bank for the benefit of its creditors, and to close its business and surrender their chartered rights and franchises in conformity with the subsequent provisions of this act, such Stockholders are the last that it has act, ty with the subsequent provisions of this act, such Stockholders may by their bill in equity in the name of such Bank filed in the Court of Equity the name of such Bank filed in the Court of Equity of the county in which the principal Bank or any of its branches may be located, require the creditors of such Bank to prefer and establish their demands within such time (not less than twelve months after decree therefor) as shall be allowed by the Court. The Court shall upon filing such bill appoint as commissioner a suitable person acquainted with the business of such Bank, who shall be paid for his services such sum as may be shall be paid for his services such sum as may be allowed by the court. Such commissioner shall give bond with ample security, payable to the State for the faithful discharge of his duties in such sum as shall be approved by the court, which bond shall be filed in court and may be sued on for the use of such persons as the court may allow.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That the commissioner appointed as aforesaid, upon filing the bond required of him, shall forthwith become, and so long as he shall contine such commissioner and no longer, shall be vested with all the estate, effects and rights of action which such Bank possessed, had or held or was vested with, at the time of filing such bill, and which such Bank could at that time have lawfally sold, assigned or transof filling such bill, and which such Bank could at that time have lawfally sold, assigned or trans-ferred, including all debts due to such Bank or to any person for its use and all liens and securities therefor. The court may require such Bank by its Cashier or other proper officer to endorse without recourse, all such bills or notes, draw all such checks or orders for money and execute such such checks or orders for money and execute such other paper writings as the court shall deem necessary or useful to enable the commissioner to demand or recover and receive the estate and effects of such Bank for the benefit of its creditors. The commissioner shall have the like remedy to recover and receive all the estate, debts and effects belonging to such Bank at the time of filing its bill, as such Bank might have had if no proceedings had been had under this act; and should any such Bank have made any sale or transfer of its property or effects, fraudulent as to its creditors but valid as between the parties, in such cases such commissioner shall stand in the place of the creditors, and may recover and receive such procreditors, and may recover and receive such pro-perty or effects so fraudulently sold or transferred, although such Bank could not have done so. In although such Bank could not have done so. In all suits prosecuted by such Commissioner at law or in Equity the plaintiff shall be styled "The Commissioner," (adding thereto the name of the particular Bank for which he has been appointed the Commissioner,) and if at the time of filing such bill by any Bank any action at law or proceeding or suit in Equity shall be pending in the name of such Bank for the recovery of any estate, dely or demand which might or ought to be yested in Pimples, or Sores, or in some active disease, or it may merely keep you listless, depressed and good for nothing.—

in Pimples, or Sores, or in ame of such Bank for the recovery of any estate, debt or demand which might or ought to be vested debt or demand which might or ought to be vested and good for nothing.—

in Pimples, or Sores, or in ame of such Bank for the recovery of any estate, debt or demand which might or ought to be vested and good for nothing.—

in some active disease, debt or demand which might or ought to be vested debt or demand which might or ought to be vested and good for nothing.—

in some active disease, or in ame of such Bank for the recovery of any estate, debt or demand which might or ought to be vested debt or demand which might or ought to be vested in such Commissioner as aforesaid, such Commissioner shall be admitted to prosecute the same in like manner and to like effect; and no suit pending the commissioner as aforesaid, such Commissioner as ing at any time for the recovery of any estate, debt or demand in the name of such Commissioner shall be abated by the death or removal of such be admitted to prosecute the same in like manner and to like effect as if the same had been origin-

ally commenced by him. Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, That the Commissioner aforesaid shall in all things connected with the discharge of his duties as Commissioner, act under the direction and orders of the court; and I any such Commissioner shall refuse or unreasonably delay or neglect to obey any rule, order or decree of the court, it shall be the duty of the or decree of the court, it shall be the duty of the court to remove such Commissioner; and upon such removal or upon any vacancy by death or otherwise, the court shall appoint some other person Commissioner, who shall enter into bond in such sum as the court shall direct in like manner and for the like uses and purposes as provided in cases of the Commissioner first appointed; and thereupon all the estate, property, effects debts and rights of action vested in such Bank after the time of filing its bill, not before lawfully disposed of by any former Commissioner, shall be forthwith vested in such new commissioner as legally and effectually as if he had been the commissioner first appointed; and the court shall have the power to require any former commissioner or the representative of any deceased commissioner, to surrender to such new commissioner any such estate, effects, money or evidence of debt which of right should be in the hands or possession of

such new commissioner. Sec. 4. Be it further enacted, That all demands of creditors may be preferred and proved before such commissioner, and for all purposes connected with the investigation of the demands of any person claiming to be a creditor as aforesaid, the commissioner shall have power to administer all oaths required in the course of such proceedings. Any supposed creditor whose claims shall be wholly or in part disallowed by any commissionwholly or in part disallowed by any commissioner, may appeal to the Court, where the same shall be determined according to the course of the Court, or decided at law, as the court may direct; and in all such appeals the case shall be docketed in the name of the creditor against "The Commissioner of ——" (adding the name of the Bank of which he is commissioner,) and shall be tried and determined as like suits between other parties. In all cases in which any such commissioner shall be a party, whether plaintiff or defendant, and it shall appear that there has been mutual credit given by the Bank, and any other corporation or any person who is the opposite party, or there are mutual debts between them, whether such debts be due and payable or not, the account between the parties shall be stated, and one debt shall be set off against the other, and the balance of such account only shall be allowed or paid on eitheir side respectively; and the costs in all cases shall be paid by either party as the court shall direct The commissioner shall from time to time pre The commissioner shall from time to time pre-pare statements in writing of all claims allowed by him; showing the character of such claims and the evidence on which their validity is based; and there shall be no application of any tunds in the hands of such commissioner to the satisfac-tion in whole or in part of any claim whatever, except under a rule or order of the court there-

Sec. 5. Be it further enacted, That the court shall make all proper orders and decrees for the collec-tion of the assets of such Bank, of every nature and description, and for the payment of the costs and expenses incident to the proceedings. The creditors whose claims and demands have been proved and established as aforesaid against the estate and effects of such Bank in the hands of the commissioner, shall be entitled to payment it satisfaction of the same out of the assets in hand prosecuted, proved and established according to the provisions of this act within the time allowed by the decree of the court therefor, shall be barred of recovery by any action at law or other proceeding in equity; and any suit brought for their recovery otherwise than is herein provided shall on the piea of the commissioner of such Bank be abated, or on his motion be dismissed.

Sec. 6. Be it further enacted. That it shall not be necessary in any bill filed under this act, fo make any particular persons or corporations parties by name, but it shall be sufficient if the defendants in behalf of which suit may be instituted; and notice of the bill shall be published for the space of thirty days so soon as it may be filed in at least fifteen newspapers, one of which shall be published in the City of Raleigh; one in the city of Charleston, S. C.; one in the city of Richmond, Va.; one in the city of Baltimore, Md.; one in the city of Philadelphia; one in the city of New York; one in the city of Augusta, Ga.; one in the city of Montgomery, Ala.; one in the city of N. Orleans; and one in the city of Nashville, Tenn.

Sec. 7. Be it further enacted, That any one of the the Judges of the Supreme Court, or of the Superior Courts of law and equity, shall have power at his chambers, from time to time, to make any such rules, orders or decrees as may be necessary or required for expediting the settlement of all controversies between any commissioner appoint-

or required for expediting the settlement of all forms of the

RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY, JUNE 26, 1866.

er, or for the speedy execution of any of the powers by this act conferred on a court of equity.

Sec. 8. Be it further enacted, That the filing by or on behalf of any Bank, of a bill in the court of equity, under the provisions of this act, shall, upon the appointment and qualification of a commissioner thereunder, be deemed and taken to all intents and purposes to be a surrender by such Bank of all the corporate rights and franchises granted to such Bank; and all laws by virtue of which any such Bank then exists as a corporation are hereby repealed, and such corporation shall be thereupon dissolved, and all the effects and consequences following or incident to the dissolution of a corporation at common law shall ensue thereon; and any statute law of this State to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided, however, That the estate, property, and rights of action vested in the commissioner, as provided by this act, shall not be in any way diverted or impaired thereby, nor shall the rights of any creditor of such Bank against such commissioner or against the estate or effects so vested in him, be thereby impaired or in any way affected, and such commissioner or hall thereupon he considered as the the estate or effects so vested in him, be thereby impaired or in any way affected, and such commissioner shall thereupon be considered as the plaintiff in the pending proceedings; and, provided, further, that should there be any balance remaining in the hands of any such commissioner after the satisfaction of the claims of such creditors, the commissioner under the direction of the count shall distribute and way the came to and ors, the commissioner under the direction of the court shall distribute and pay the same to and among those who shall be justly entitled thereto as having been stockholders or members of such corporation at the time of its dissolution as aforesaid, or their legal representatives.

Sec. 9. Be it further enacted, That all suits on debts due the Banks contracted with a branch Bank shall be brought in the connty where the branch was established, and if brought in any other county may be dismissed on motion. other county may be dismissed on motion.

Sec. 10. Be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

[Ratified the 12th day of March, 1866.]

Railroads, Steamboats, &c. RALEIGH & GASTON R. R. CO., GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C., June 6th, 1866.

Change of Time.

On and after Thursday, June 7th, 1866, Trains will run as follows on the Raleigh and Gaston South leave Weldon 4.00 A. M.
" arrive at Raleigh 3.15 P. M.
ALBERT JOHNSON,

North-Carolina Railroad Company, ENGINEER & SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE.

Company Shops, June 7th, 1866. Change of Time. O'N AND AFTER JUNE 10TH, 1866, TRAINS will run as follows:

Leave Goldsboro', 12.30 P. M. .. 12.00 P. M. Raleigh, 3.45 ". 4.50 A. M. Hillsboro, 5.28 ". 8.27 " Greensboro, 7.40 ". 1.00 P. M. Salisbury, 10.10 ". 5.30 "

" Greensboro, 7.40 "... 1.00 P. M.
" Salisbury, 10.10 "... 5.30 "

Arrive Charlotte, 12.35 A. M. 9.00 P. M. GOING EAST. Mail Train. Leave Charlotte. 11.15 P. M. 430 A. M.

"Salisbury, 1.26 A. M. 8.55 "

"Greensboro, 4.10 " 1.10 P. M.

"Hillsboro, 6.31 " 5.25 "

"Raleigh, 8.30 " 9.45 "

Arrive Goldsboro', 11.20 " 2.15 A. M.

Mail Train convects of Raleigh and Raleigh

Mail Train connects at Raleigh with Raleigh & Gaston Trains for the North. At Goldsboro' with Wilmington and Weldon, and Atlantic & North. Carolin Trains North-Carolina Trains. Accommodation train runs daily, (Sundays ex-cepted,) connecting with Wilmington & Weldon

There is no Sunday Train going North from Weldon to Portsmouth; passengers arriving at Weldon on that day can go immediately through via Petersburg and Richmond. CHANGE OF RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

OFFICE ATLANTIC & N. C. R. R. Co., Newbern, N. C., June 5, 1866. N AND AFTER MONDAY NEXT MAIL

 Leave Newport
 7 42

 Arrive at Newbern
 9 00

 Leave Newbern
 9 00

 Arrive at Newbern 9 15 "

Leave Newbern 9 15 "

Arrive at Kinston 10 53 "

Leave Kinston 11 00 "

Arrive at Mosely Hall 11 35 "

Leave Mosely Hall 11 42 "

Arrive at Goldsboro' 12 15 P. M. RETURNING. Leave Goldsl oro'. 3 80 P. M.
Leave Mosely Hall 4 10 "
Leave Kinston 4 52 " Leave Newbern...... 6 40

FARE REDUCED.

Through tickets will be sold at principal Sta-tions on North-Carolina Railroad, Baltimore, New York, &c. C. R. THOMAS, C. R. THOMAS,

THE NEW LINE FOR BALTIMORE.

carrying the GREAT HARNDEN EXPRESS
FREIGHT, leave Norfolk at 5½ o'clock, p. m.

The new and elegant steamers GEORGE LEARY, Capt. S. Blakeman, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. JAS. T. BRADY, Capt. D. C. Landis.

Monday, Wednesday and Friday. The steamers of this line have unsurpassed ac-The steamers of this line have unsurpassed accommodatious, being all new and constructed with great regard to speed, comfort and safety, and the tables are equal to first class hotel fare.

Travellers going North via Scaboard and Roanoke Railroad, can purchase tickets to Portsmouth, where coaches will be in waiting to convey them and their baggage FREE of CHARGE to the New Line Steamers. Ample time is afforded to make sure connection, and the fare under any circumstances as low as by the Old Bay Line. stances as low as by the Old Bay Line.

Travellers going via Weldon and Petersburg and Norfolk and Petersburg Railroads can procure through tickets at Petersburg and have baggage checked to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New Saddlery-Hardware,

Passengers, Baggage and Freight transferred to and from Portsmouth and New Line Steamers free of charge.

Leave Baltimore from Spear's Wharf, foot of Gay Street, at 5 o'clock, p. m.

H. V. TOMPKINS, Agent sep 23—184 1y8

At Norfolk.

DRANDY! BRANDY! BRANDY! 10 CASES PURE FRENCH BRANDY, 30 gallens Southampton Brandy, june 2—tf, B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Artificial Limbs.

ARTIFICIAL LEGS AND ARMS.



IN RICHMOND, VA.

DR. DOUGLAS BLY, the Anatomist and Sur con who invented the Anatomical Ball and Socket Jointed Leg, with lateral or side motion at the ankle, like the natural one, has just opened an Office in Richmond, Va., near the postoffice, for the manufacture and sale of his celebrated Artificial cial Legs and Arms. The superiority of these Limbs has caused them to be sought for, through-out almost the entire world, as will be seen by the following list of offices where they are manufac-tured and sold:

tured and sold:

OFFICES:
London, England, ... 29, Leicester Square.
New York, ... 658, Broadway.
Richmond, Va., ... Near the Post Office.
Augusta, Ga. ... 2d door from Post Office.
New Orleans, La. ... 77 Carondelet St.
Memphis, Tenn. ... 892 Main St.
Nashville, Tenn. ... In City Hall.
St. Louis, Mo., ... 73 Pine street.
Cincinnati, Ohio, ... 148 West Fourth St.
Chicago, Ill. ... Opposite Post Office.
Rochester, N. Y. ... Over Post Office.
For further information, address Dr. BLY, at
the nearest office.

B. FRANK. PALMER, LL.D. PRESTA, A. LIMB.Cº. PHILADELPHIA. PATENT 10.0001N USE

These inventions stand approved as the "best" by the most eminent Scientific and Surgical Societies of the world, the inventor having been honored with the award of FIFTY GOLD AND SIL-VER MEDALS (or "First Prizes") including the Great Medals of the World's Exhibitions in Lon Great Medals of the World's Exhibitions in London and New York; also the most Honorary Report of the great Society of Surgeons of Paris, giving his Patents place above the English and French.

Dr. Palmer gives personal attention to the business of his profession, aided by men of the best qualifications and greatest experience. He is specially commissioned by the Government, and has the patronage of the prominent Officers of the Army and Navy. Six Major-Generals and more than a thousand less distinguished officers and soldiers have worn the Palmer Limbs on active duty, while still greater numbers of eminent civilians are, by their aid, filling important positions, and effectually conceal their misfortune.

Advice and Pamphlets Gratis.

Advice and Pamphlets Gratis. apply only to Dr. PALMER, as above directed or to his Agent, GEO. H. TAYLOR, dec 5—tf New Berne, N. C.

WHO WANTS A PIANO! SEVERAL PATRONS OF CONCORD FE-

for their use.
This has induced me to make arrangements with some of the best manufacturers, which enable me to furnish instruments of the First Class, at reduced prices. I can save each purchaser from forty to one hundred dollars. Price lists of the manufacturers will be sent to those who desire them, to aid them in making selections.

When selections shall have been made, th when selections shall have been made, the money can be sent to me, at my expense, by the Southern Express, and a Piano will be shipped to the Depot the purchaser may designate. Each Piano sold will be fully warranted.

Good Pianos

Address me at Statesville, N. C.
J. M. M. CALDWELL.

GEORGE SANGSTER, IMPORTER OF Wines and Liquors, No. 25 Market Square,

NORFOLK, Va. I have constantly on hand, and offer for sale:

BRANDIES, GIN, POW1, SHERRY AND MADEIRA WINES, ALE, LAGER, &c., Bourbon Cocktail, Brandy do Arrack Punch.

Ginger Cordial. Lemon Syrup, &c.

These Goods can be furnished by the case or in ulk, at New York prices, with the additional cost of freights.

Country Trade is invited.

GEO. SANGSTER,
Norfolk, Va

DRY GOODS. ATHROP, LUDINGTON & Co. 330 Broadway, New York,
Offer to Southern and Western Jobbers and Re
tailers, at the lowest market prices,

FOR CASH, A VERY LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE STOCK OF DRESS GOODS, LOTHS, NOTIONS, HOSIERY, WHITE GOODS, &C.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK North-Carolina.

GEO. W. SWEPSON, President; JOS. S. CAN-NON, Vice President; W. B. GULICK, Cashier. OLD AND SILVER COIN, EXCHANGE, United States, State and Railroad securities, bought and sold. Also, uncurrent money. Agent for the sale of Revenue Stamps. 21—1y.

J. E. CONDICT & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO Condict, Jennings & Co., Saddlery-Hardware,

de, do, de, Nos. 55 & 57, White St., New York. JENNINGS, THOMLINSON & CO., april 21—15-6m. CHARLESTON, S. C.

HOWELL & BROTHERS, MANUFACTURRES & IMPORTERS OF Paper Hangings WINDOW SHADES, HOLLANDS, &c. No. 260 Baltimore Street, (OPPOSITE HANOVER,)

NO. 43.

The following Act, in relation to the scaling of Confederate Currency, from the time of its first issue to the end of the war, passed at the recent session of the General Assembly: A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO

ESTABLISH A SCALE OF DEPRECIATION

Scale of Depreciation.

OF CONFEDERATE CURRENCY.

Whereas, By an ordinance of the Convention, entitled "An ordinance declaring what laws and ordinances are in force, and for other purposes," ratified on the 18th day of October, A. D. 1885, it is made the duty of the General Assembly to provide a scale of depreciation of the Confederate Currency from the time of its first issue to the end of the war; and it is further therein declared that "all executory contracts, solvable in money, whether under seal or not, made after the depreciation of said currency before the 1st of May, 1865, and unfilled (except official bonds and penal bonds payable to the State) shall be deemed to have been made with the understanding that they were solvable in money of the said currency," subject, nevertheless, to evidence of different intent of the parties to the contract; therefore, Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North-Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the suthority of the same, That the following scale of depreciation be and the same is hereby adopted and established as the measure of value of one gold dollar in Confederate currency, for each month, and the fractional parts of the month of December, 1864, from the 1st day of November, 1861, to the 1st day of May, 1865, to-wit:

Scale of depreciation of Confederate currency, the gold dollar being the unit and measure of value, from November 1st, 1861, to May 1st, 1865: OF CONFEDERATE CURRENCY.

emoer 1	st, 1801	, to Ma	y 1st, 1800	400
1861.	1862.	1863.	1864.	18
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	1 80	8 00	21 00	50
	1 50	4 00	23 00	60
	1 50	5 00	20 00	100
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And, whereas, Many grave and difficult disputes may arise between executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, and their legatees, distributees, wards and cessuague trust, in the settlement of their accounts and trust, arising from the depreciation of Confederate currency, State treasury notes and Bank notes, incident to and growing out of the late war; and that law suits and expensive litigation may be obviated.

Be it further enacted, That in all such cases, the parties are hereby empowered to form a full and perfect statement of the case on both sides, which case shall be committed to the determination of one of the Judges of the Superior Courts, chosen by the parties, who is hereby authorized to consider and determine the same, according to equity and good conscience: Provided, however, That no part of this section shall be construed to estop or hinder any person from proceeding in the usual course of law, if he shall deem the same necessary.

A true copy.

J. A. ENGELHARD,

Clerk of Senate.

MATIONAL MILITARY ASYLUM.

THE MANAGERS OF THE NATIONAL ized by act of Congress, approved March 21, 1826, ask proposals for sites for Asylums by donation or sale. The premises mustle situated in one of the loyal States, contain at least two hundred acres of land, and be in a healthy location and acres of land, and be in a healthy location and easy of access by railroad or otherwise. It is the purpose of the managers to erect, without delay, extensive and permanent buildings for said Asylums, and its establishment will be largely advantageous to any section or railroad in the vicinity of its location.

Plans, specifications and estimates for Asylum buildings including detected cottages are also buildings, including detached cottages, are also asked for the approval of the Board. Liberal compensation will be given for the successful

Plan.

Proposals, plans, specifications and estimates—
the first named to be in writing, cont-ining plot
and description of grounds and terms and conditions of transfer—must be sent to Major General
B. F. Butler, at Lowell, Mass., on or before the B. F. Butler, at Lowell, Mass., on o. 20th day of June, 1866.

BENJ. F. BUTLER,

President Board of Managers.

Lewis B. Gunckel, Secretary.

Publishers of papers authorized to publish the laws of the United States will insert for three weeks, and send bill, with copy of publication prior to June 20.

June 5—3w



PLANKS FOR SALE.

WE HAVE JUST HAD PRINTED VARIOUS

demeanor—Altering Marks
do Unlawful Fenees.
do Fornication and Adultery
do Assault and Battery.
do Disorderly House.
do Unlawful Retailing.
do Forcible Entry.
do Affray.

Price of the above blanks \$1 per quire.
These, with various other Blanks, such as Land
Deeds, Marriage License Bonds, and Indentures,
are gotten up in superior style, with appropriate blank endorsements on back, and printed on
good paper. They will be sold on reasonable
terms for cash.

Any Blanks, not on hand, will be printed to or-der at the shortest notice, at the STANDARD OFFICE Raleigh and Gaston Railroad,

Raleigh and Gaston Railroad,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
April 6, 1866.

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED THAT THE
Speed on this Road has been increased, and
close connections are made with all trains going
North and South. Passengers do not change
cars from Charlotte to Weldon. To Baltimore
and other cities North, the fare as low as by any
other route, and time as quick. Through tickets
to all places North by both Petersburg, Richmond
and Washington City, and by Norfolk and Bay
Steamers, and to the principal Cities in the North
West via Baltimore and Ohlo Railroad. Baggage
checked through.

To Shippers very great inducements are offered.
It is the quickest, safest, and as cheap as by any
other route. Freight is shipped through without
breaking bulk from Charlotte to Norfolk.

The connections at Norfolk, with superior
Ocean Steamers, commend this route to all interested in shipping.

A. JOHNSON,
Superisandent.

LARGE HOUSE, SUITABLE FOR A large Boarding House. If desired the Furniture can also be rented or bought.

There is a good well of Water, and an excellent garden on the premises. Apply at

June 12—34

THIS OFFICE.